Exhibit C

IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF DELAWARE

In re:)	Chapter 11
W. R. GRACE & CO., et al.)	Case No. 01-01139 (JKF)
Debtors.)	(Jointly Administered)
)	Docket No.
	}	

NOTICE AND MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES CONCERNING BACKGROUND OF QUESTIONNAIRE APPROVAL PROCESS AND OBJECTIONS PREVIOUSLY ADDRESSED BY THE COURT

In November of 2004 -- exactly two years ago -- W.R. Grace & Co. ("Grace") first moved this Court for an Order authorizing it to serve a Questionnaire seeking discovery of asbestos personal injury claimants. The purpose of the discovery was to gather information relevant, and in Grace's view, necessary, to a valid estimation of liability for these claims. Despite nearly universal agreement in the legal community that there has been rampant fraud and abuse in the "diagnosis" of asbestos-related disease in the context of litigation, the Official Committee of Asbestos Personal Injury Claimants ("PI Committee") and their constituents have resisted this discovery at every turn. They have adopted a unified response strategy to Grace's request for the Questionnaire and then to this Court's Orders regarding the Questionnaire: to oppose the provision of information necessary to evaluate the underlying claims, and when the Court finally orders that the information be provided -- to delay giving it for as long as possible.

As this Court is well aware, Grace has been diligent and dogged in its efforts to obtain the relevant information and in its refusal to surrender to concerted efforts by asbestos personal injury firms and the PI Committee to obstruct and delay the Questionnaire discovery process. The reason for Grace's determination has been and

remains clear -- Grace firmly holds that analysis of the data supporting the underlying pre-petition claims will demonstrate that Grace's liability for such claims is orders of magnitude lower than the estimations that undoubtedly will be put forward by the PI Committee. Thus, despite the delays, the obstruction, and the difficulty associated with obtaining the underlying information about the claims, Grace has not given up its efforts to get it. Indeed, Grace has a duty to its constituents and the Court to obtain this information.

Accordingly, Grace comes to this Court for a final Order overruling the *remaining* objections to the Questionnaire. The Court already has ruled, and Grace *will not revisit* the broad relevance and burden objections made to the Questionnaire:

- Relevance: The Court already has ruled that all questions are relevant and that absent a claimant-specific, particularized showing -- all questions in the Questionnaire must be answered. See Order Concerning Debtors' Motion to Compel Asbestos Personal Injury Claimants to Respond to the W.R. Grace Personal Injury Questionnaire ("MTC Order") (Docket No. 13393) (Oct. 12, 2006) at ¶ 1.
- Burden: The Court already has listened to and considered the objections and concerns regarding burden. The Court required Grace to amend the original Questionnaire to address these concerns. The Court also recently adopted an attachment protocol to address these concerns, and the Claimants have now had *over* a year to comply with the Court's order which originally required the provision of the information in four months. At this point -- fourteen months after service of the Questionnaire -- a burden objection shows contempt for this Court and the fair, balanced, and orderly process it has attempted to establish for the Claimants and their law firms to provide the requested information. See MTC Order at ¶¶ 1-2.

As these general relevance and burden issues already have been addressed by the Court, Grace will not reargue them in the current Motions to Compel. Instead, Grace will file a series of Motions against select firms designed to address all the remaining

substantive objections lodged by the various law firms. Generally, what remains are objections that fall into the following broad categories:

- Attorney-client privilege/Attorney work product;
- Confidentiality;
- Doctor-patient privilege/HIPAA;
- Federal Rule of Evidence 408 or state law equivalents; and similar objections related to the ultimate admissibility of the evidence.

Pursuant to this Court's direction, and an agreement reached with a significant number of firms, these Motions will be heard at a specially-set hearing in Pittsburgh on December 5, 2006. As part of the agreement, Grace agreed to provide additional time for supplementation of the Questionnaires. Under the agreement, all firms have until January 12, 2007 to provide the supplemental information. In exchange for this extension, the firms have promised to provide by that date all supplemental information required by the MTC Order (concerning relevance, attachments and signatures) and all orders or decisions resulting from this current round of Motions to Compel and the December 5, 2006 hearing on the Motions. Thus, Grace hopes that this series of Motions will bring closure to the Questionnaire objection process, and that Grace will receive, by January 12, 2007, all the information requested in the Questionnaire and required by Order of this Court.

I. THE QUESTIONNAIRE APPROVAL PROCESS.

On August 29, 2005, this Court ordered that all holders of pre-petition asbestos

Because it would overwhelm the Court and be impractical, Grace has not moved to compel every firm maintaining objections to the Questionnaire. Rather, Grace has moved to compel a number of firms whose objections are representative of the objections of all the firms. Additionally, once all the motions are filed, Grace will send notice to all firms that the Motions to Compel have been filed, that this Court will hear argument on these motions on December 5, 2006, and that all interested parties are invited to attend the hearing and to be heard, either in person or telephonically.

personal injury litigation claims complete and return the W.R. Grace Asbestos Personal Injury Questionnaire. The purpose of the Questionnaire is to provide Grace and the other parties to the estimation with basic factual information about the pre-petition litigation claims so that the information can be used by the parties in the estimation of Grace's asbestos personal injury liabilities. The Court's approval of the Questionnaire followed nearly nine months of briefing, argument and consideration.

Grace first requested the Court's permission to serve some form of discovery questionnaire consistent with the streamlined estimation proceeding on November 13, 2004. See Debtors' Motion for Entry of an Order Seeking the Estimation of Asbestos Claims and Certain Related Relief at 4 (Docket No. 6899) (Nov. 13, 2004) (seeking approval for "claims questionnaires" which were designed to "enable the parties to develop a detailed 'snapshot' of the actual medical conditions and exposure histories of the claiming population as it existed on the Petition Date"). In that same pleading, Grace made known to both the Court and the parties to the estimation that its intention in proposing a questionnaire was so that the responses to the questions posed would be "compile[d] ... into a navigable database and [made] available to the Debtors' and various official committees' estimation experts, if any" for use in the estimation. Id. at 9.

At the January 21, 2005 omnibus hearing, the Court recognized that a questionnaire may be "an appropriate way to get discovery done." *See* Tr. of Hr'g at 117 (Jan. 21, 2005). It also recognized the potential burden of a questionnaire. *Id.* at 132 (noting that the Court would not permit the Questionnaire to "be 50 pages" long). To help alleviate concerns over the burden, the Court ordered the Future Claimants' Representative ("FCR") and the Debtors to "negotiate ... the form of the Debtors'

proposed proof of claim/questionnaire for asbestos personal injury pre-petition litigation claims[]." See Order Setting Briefing Schedule and Hearing Regarding Case Management Order and Proof of Claim/Questionnaire for the Estimation of Asbestos Personal Injury Liabilities (Docket No. 8324) (Apr. 24, 2005) (memorializing the Court's Jan. 19, 2005 oral rulings).

Pursuant to the Court's order, the parties engaged in extensive negotiations, but neither the PI Committee nor the FCR would agree to Grace's proposed questionnaire. Thus, on May 10, 2005, Grace moved that the Court approve the Questionnaire over the objection of the PI Committee and the FCR. See Memorandum of Points and Authorities in Support of W.R. Grace & Co.'s Motion to Approve PI CMO & Questionnaire ("Points of Authority") at Tab 4, 13 (Docket No. 8395) (May 10, 2005) (seeking Questionnaire that would allow Grace to obtain "discovery of the basis on which claims are asserted for use in [Grace's] proposed estimation approach"). In its opposition to Grace's motion, the PI Committee specifically objected to the Questionnaire proposed by Grace on the grounds, inter alia, that it sought "irrelevant information" and that the Questionnaire "would be extraordinarily expensive [for the Claimants' law firms] to implement." See Opposition of the Official Committee of Asbestos Personal Injury Claimants to Debtors' Motion to Approve PI CMO and Questionnaire at 61, 67 (Docket No. 8847) (Jun. 30, 2005); see also Tr. of Hr'g at 172 (Jul. 19, 2005) ("[Grace is] asking for an incredibly burdensome questionnaire.").

While the motion was pending, the parties continued to negotiate the scope of the Questionnaire. Certain disputes were narrowed, but the PI Committee and the FCR maintained their respective opposition to the Questionnaire. At the July 19, 2005

omnibus hearing, the Court affirmed that the Questionnaire was an appropriate vehicle for the Debtors to obtain the discovery it sought concerning the pre-petition litigation claims. See Tr. of Hr'g at 175 (Jul. 19, 2005) ("My bottom line position is I think a questionnaire, to the extent that the debtor or the other parties want to do discovery[,] is fine."). The Court voiced some concern that the Questionnaire, as presented by Grace, went "a little far" and suggested that the Court and the parties should "go through [the Questionnaire] line by line and figure out what's appropriate and what isn't." Id. at 176. The Court explained that one of the purposes for engaging in such an analysis was to stave off future objections from individual Claimants on relevance and burden grounds, stating:

[B]ut what they'll say, Mr. Bernick, in answer to the question is I object, it's not relevant, and it's burdensome, and then I'm going to be right here making rulings on it anyway, so why don't we just do it and get it done?

Tr. of Hr'g at 176-77 (Jul. 19, 2005) (emphasis added).

After the line-by-line analysis was undertaken, Grace revised the Questionnaire to incorporate the Court's July 19th rulings. The parties then again conferred to continue negotiating the final language of the CMO and Questionnaire, conferring on two occasions. After these discussions concluded, four substantive areas of disagreement remained between the parties. *See* Debtors' Report to Court Pursuant to July 19, 2005 Rulings Regarding Personal Injury Claims and Estimation Proceedings (Docket No. 9263) (Aug. 26, 2005). These four issues were argued before the Court at the August 29, 2005 omnibus hearing. At that hearing, the Court approved the final Questionnaire as revised by Grace, with only minor changes. Notably, after the Questionnaire was approved by the Court, neither the PI Committee nor the FCR appealed the portion of the

Case Management Order for the Estimation of Asbestos Personal Injury Liabilities ("PI CMO") which "ordered that the Asbestos Personal Injury Questionnaire ... is approved" and "that all holders of Asbestos PI Pre-Petition Litigation Claims are required to complete and serve the Questionnaire." PI CMO at ¶¶1-2 (Docket No. 9301) (Aug. 29, 2005).

Grace served nearly 179,000 Questionnaires on the Claimants and their counsel on September 12, 2005. Pursuant to the PI CMO, the responses to the Questionnaire were to be completed and returned on or before January 12, 2006. PI CMO at ¶ 3(C). That deadline was subsequently extended three separate times by 60 days each time. See Order Modifying the Case Management Order for the Estimation of Asbestos Personal Injury Liabilities Regarding the Extension of Time for Claimants to Respond to Questionnaires and Designate Non-Expert Witnesses (Docket No. 11403) (Dec. 21, 2005); Order Modifying the Case Management Order for the Estimation of Asbestos Personal Injury Liabilities Regarding the Extension of Time for Claimants to Respond to Questionnaires (Docket No. 11885) (Feb. 21, 2006); Order Modifying the Case Management Order for the Estimation of Asbestos Personal Injury Liabilities Regarding the Extension of Time for Claimants to Respond to Questionnaires (Docket No. 12314) (Apr. 27, 2006). Thus, the Questionnaire was ultimately due to be completed and returned on July 12, 2006. Once returned, the responses to the Questionnaire were to be compiled by Rust Consulting, Inc. ("Rust"), the Debtors' claims processing agent, into a navigable database that would be made available to all parties for use in the estimation. See Amended Case Management Order for the Estimation of Asbestos Personal Injury Liabilities ("Amended PI CMO") at ¶ 2(B) (Docket No. 12151) (Mar. 27, 2006). At no

time has any law firm, acting on behalf of its Claimants, sought a protective order or other relief that would excuse the Claimants' obligation to provide responses to the Questionnaire. To date, approximately 60,000 Questionnaires have been returned.

II. OBJECTIONS TO THE QUESTIONNAIRE AND GRACE'S FIRST MOTION TO COMPEL.

A. The Returned Questionnaires Revealed A Concerted Effort To Avoid Providing Information.

As soon as Grace and Rust began to receive completed Questionnaires, it became apparent that there were a number of recurring deficiencies present in the responses to the Questionnaire. Notably, the three problems most frequently observed by Grace and Rust were:

- Objecting to the questions on pro forma grounds, by reference to a long list of general objections, including, *inter alia*, that the questions asked are "not relevant" or "unduly burdensome," instead of providing answers to the questions posed in the Questionnaire;
- Responding to the questions asked by means of: (1) designating thousands of pages of documents as supporting numerous Questionnaires without specifying which documents support which claims; (2) referring to documents in the public record; (3) attaching voluminous records to the Questionnaire; or (4) referring to documents located in various counsels' offices, rather than providing responses to the questions in the space provided in the Questionnaire; and
- Failure of either the Claimant or his or her counsel to sign the Questionnaire as required in Part X of the Questionnaire.

Grace first alerted the Court to these issues in its March Status Report. See W.R. Grace & Co.'s Status Report Regarding Completion of the W.R. Grace Asbestos Personal Injury Questionnaire (Docket No. 12093) (Mar. 20, 2006). These issues were discussed with the Court at the April 17, 2006 omnibus hearing in connection with the discussion of the exclusivity period. At that time, the Court found that, while objections to the Questionnaire need not be lodged by the Claimants until the

Questionnaires are submitted, "to the extent that an objection is to the question that's being asked, I don't expect either a mediator or [the Court] to have to go through that. I've already decided that's an appropriate question to be asked." Tr. of Hr'g at 27 (Apr. 17, 2006) (emphasis added); see also id. at 28 ("I'm not going to hear objections to the question. I've already said if the debtor wants to ask those questions, the debtor can ask those questions.") (emphasis added). The Court further stated that it "expect[ed] the people who are given the questionnaire are going to answer [it]." Id. at 26.

In an effort to expedite resolution of the deficiencies in the Questionnaire responses, Grace invited counsel for all Claimants to participate in a mediation session regarding their objections to the Questionnaire. *See* Ltr. from B. Harding to Counsel (Jun. 26, 2006) (attached as Exhibit 1). The response to Grace's invitation was minimal. Led by the PI Committee, who objected to the proposed mediation as premature and not sufficiently noticed, many Claimants' lawyers objected to appearing at any mediation for the same reasons.

Nevertheless, representatives of two plaintiffs' firms attended the July 6, 2006 mediation: Robert Phillips of SimmonsCooper LLC and Richard Rescho of the Law Offices of Christopher E. Grell. With respect to the parties to the estimation, certain committees participated as observers only: Jeffrey Schneider attended on behalf of the Official Committee of Asbestos Property Damage Claimants, Gary Becker attended on behalf of the Equity Holders' Committee, and Debra Felder attended on behalf of the FCR. The PI Committee attended the mediation neither in person nor telephonically.

At the mediation, the Claimants again complained that the mediation was premature and that there were no formal papers explaining the parties' relative positions.

They also argued that, regardless of Debtors' position that the Court had already addressed certain aspects of the Questionnaire, those decisions are not binding on them as they are not represented by the PI Committee or any other committee that participated in the Questionnaire-approval process.

After discussion with the mediator, and with the mediator's recommendation and consent, the parties agreed to brief for the Court the issues of: (1) whether it is improper to submit Questionnaires that are unsigned by either Claimants or their counsel; (2) whether it is improper to interpose generic objections to the form of the questions contained in the Questionnaire in lieu of providing substantive responses to the questions; and (3) whether it is improper to respond to the Questionnaire via attachment or reference other documents in lieu of providing responses in the form required by the Ouestionnaire. Accordingly, Grace filed a motion to compel on July 17, 2006, seeking that the Court find that: (1) Claimants may not lodge generic objections in lieu of answering; (2) Claimants may not attach undifferentiated masses of documents to their Ouestionnaires in lieu of answering; and (3) Claimants and/or their counsel may not refuse to certify that the information contained in the Claimants' Questionnaire responses was "true, accurate, and complete." See Motion to Compel Asbestos Personal Injury Claimants to Respond to the W.R. Grace Asbestos Personal Injury Questionnaire at 15 (Docket No. 12823) (Jul. 17, 2006).

B. The Order Concerning Grace's Motion To Compel.

The Motion to Compel was opposed by nearly forty firms. See, e.g., Joint Response of Various Law Firms Representing Personal Injury Claimants in Opposition to Debtors' Motion to Compel (Docket No. 12960) (Aug. 14, 2006); Response of Grace Certain Cancer Claimants In Opposition to the W.R. Grace Motion to Compel (Docket

No. 12970) (Aug. 14, 2006). After extensive briefing, the Motion to Compel was considered by the Court over the course of two hearings, which took place on September 11, 2006 and September 25, 2006, respectively. At those hearings, the Court declined to rule that, as a general matter, Claimants could not lodge objections in lieu of answering the Questionnaire, but that the validity of such objections would need to be considered on an individual basis. *See* Tr. of Hr'g at 251-52 (Sept. 11, 2006). The Court did rule, however, that the questions posed in the Questionnaire were relevant, and may only be challenged if the Claimant could show specifically why a particular question was not relevant to the particular Claimant's claim. *See id.* at 251. During the September 25th hearing, the Court reaffirmed its ruling at the September 11, 2006 hearing that the questions contained in the Questionnaire are relevant and that objections to relevance may only be raised "as to any individual" on a question-by-question basis. Tr. of Hr'g at 179 (Sept. 25, 2006). These rulings were incorporated in the MTC Order which states that:

[A]s a general matter, the questions contained in the Questionnaire are relevant for purposes of Grace's discovery relating to the estimation of Grace's asbestos personal injury liability and the Court expects the Claimants and/or their lawyers to answer the questions in the Questionnaire completely and accurately [T]here may be specific individual questions that for reasons particular to an individual's circumstances or claim, a question contained in the Questionnaire is not relevant to his or her claim or is unduly burdensome or invades a privilege, and he or she may separately raise his or her specific objections pursuant to the mechanism established below in ¶ 6.

MTC Order at ¶ 1.

Moreover, the Court attempted to balance Grace's concerns about the attachment issue with the firms' claims regarding burden if they could not answer via attachment.

The Court ruled that while providing attachments that contain the response to various

questions was permissible, the Claimants must direct Grace to the portion of the attachment in which the response to the question was contained, or attach only those portions of a document that contain the information responsive to the question. Tr. of Hr'g at 253-54 (Sept. 11, 2006). The Court further ruled that where responses are provided via attachment, the attachments must be provided "in some recognizable legible format and numbered so that the debtor understands what page of [the attached] document is responsive to the question." Tr. of Hr'g at 179 (Sept. 25, 2006). These rulings balanced the Claimants' concerns regarding the burden imposed by the Questionnaire against Grace's need to collect the information expeditiously and in a format suitable for analysis in connection with the estimation. Again, these rulings were memorialized in the MTC Order which provided that:

[I]f a response is made by way of an attachment, the attachment must have the answer to the question, must be in a recognizable, legible format that are either numbered (whether by Bates number or some other appropriate numbering system or method) or otherwise identified (such as behind an exhibit tab) and the response must reference clearly the specific page(s) of the attachment so that the Debtors understand which page(s) of the attachment provides the answer to a specific Question in the Questionnaire. Pages that do not contain the answer should not be referenced.

MTC Order at ¶ 2. Based upon the Court's Order, Claimants can only maintain burden objections as to "specific individual questions that *for reasons particular to an individual's circumstances or claim* ... [are] unduly burdensome." *Id.* at ¶ 1 (emphasis added). However, in order to maintain the objections, the Claimant was required to "separately raise his or her *specific* objections."

The MTC Order also provided a mechanism by which the individual Claimants were to raise their specific objections. Specifically, the Claimants were required to

[A]ssert within 30 days of this Order regardless of any extension granted for actual supplementation whether or not any previously made and/or additional objections to the Questionnaire are being asserted to the part of the Questionnaire response that is being supplemented. Thus, for each question he or she plans to supplement, the claimant must indicate whether or not a previously lodged objection has been withdrawn or modified by the supplementation, within thirty days of the date of this Order. All objections to those portions of the Questionnaire that are not supplemented, or objections made by claimants who do not plan to supplement their prior responses, shall remain in force and continue as originally asserted.

MTC Order at ¶ 6.

III. THE PRESENT MOTIONS TO COMPEL, THE SCHEDULE FOR SUPPLEMENTATION, AND SANCTIONS FOR NON-COMPLIANCE.

Despite the Court's clear instructions that *general* burden and relevance objections should not be pursued, many firms continue to maintain such objections. Additionally, despite Grace's willingness to give all firms an additional 60 days to supplement their responses, most firms have retained nearly all their objections, appearing again to continue the objection and delay tactics that have now postponed provision of the relevant information for nearly a year. As discussed below, Grace will not re-litigate the general burden and relevance objections since the Court already has ruled on them. Rather, Grace will file a series of Motions to Compel addressing the remaining specific and substantive objections. Grace seeks an order regarding those objections and sanctions for any firm that does not comply with the Court's Orders relating to the Questionnaire by January 12, 2007.

A. The Negotiated Order Covering Supplementation.

At the Court's suggestion, Grace engaged in extensive negotiations with certain law firms represented by Stutzman, Bromberg, Esserman & Plifka (the "Stutzman Firms"), Montgomery McCracken Rhoads & Walker (the "MMWR Firms"), and with the

PI Committee concerning a schedule for supplementation and notice of remaining objections. As part of that negotiation, Grace, the Stutzman Firms and the MMWR Firms negotiated an omnibus schedule for the filing of these motions to compel and for supplementation of the firms' Questionnaire responses. *See* Certification of Counsel Regarding Order Concerning Schedule for Motions to Compel Regarding the W.R. Grace Asbestos Personal Injury Questionnaire and Schedule for Supplementation of Questionnaire Responses ("Scheduling Order") (Docket No. 13560) (Nov. 2, 2006). Grace agreed to give all firms until January 12, 2007 for supplementation, and the firms agreed to: (1) provide notice of remaining objections on or before November 10, 2006; and (2) provide all supplementation, including that resulting from any Orders entered after the December 5, 2006 hearing, by January 12, 2007. Numerous other firms have agreed to the terms of this Order.²

B. The Claimants' Response To The MTC Order and The Scheduling Order.

Grace has heard from a number of firms purporting to comply with the MTC Order and the Scheduling Order. However, instead of complying with the provisions of the MTC Order and the Court's instructions, most firms who originally refused to provide answers to the Questionnaire have maintained all objections (including those based on relevance and burden). *See, e.g.*, E-mail from T. Wilson to B. Harding re W.R. Grace Questionnaire Objections (Nov. 3, 2006) (attached as Exhibit 2); E-mail from D. Jagolinzer to B. Harding re W.R. Grace Questionnaire Objections (Nov. 3, 2006) (attached as Exhibit 3). However, even those firms who have withdrawn certain objections still maintain numerous objections, including general objections on the

Those firms include: The Wartnick Law Firm, Kelley & Ferraro, Ferraro & Associates, Cohn

grounds of relevance and burden. *See, e.g.,* Ltr. from A. Rich to B. Harding (Nov. 3, 2006) (attached as Exhibit 4); Ltr. from N. Ramsey to B. Harding (Nov. 3, 2006) (attached as Exhibit 5).

C. Issues That Will Not Be Addressed In the Present Motions.

As the Court already has ruled on the propriety of generalized relevance and burden objections, *see* MTC Order at ¶1, Grace will not specifically re-argue those issues, as stated above. The Court has determined that the questions Grace has posed in the Questionnaire are relevant as to all Claimants absent a particular showing to the contrary. Thus it would be a waste of the Court's resources and the resources of the Debtor's estate to re-argue this issue. To the extent that a law firm has maintained blanket relevance objections on behalf of its clients, Grace moves to compel all answers to Questions objected to on this ground.

Similarly, the Court has ruled that Claimants are permitted to attach documents in lieu of providing narrative responses to minimize their burden, and thus has limited proper burden objections to those made on a showing based on "reasons particular to an individual's circumstances or claim." MTC Order at ¶1 (emphasis added). Thus, to the extent that a law firm has maintained blanket burden objections on behalf of its clients, Grace moves to compel all answers objected to on those grounds. This includes objections on the grounds that information would entail "significant expense" or that the information is "equally available to Grace." See MTC Order at ¶¶1-2; see also Standard Chlorine of Del., Inc. v. Sinibaldi, 821 F. Supp. 232, 262 (D. Del. 1992) (holding that that an allegation that a discovery request "will entail significant legal and accounting expenses to complete is not a proper basis for refusing to comply" with the request)

(citation omitted); *Puricelli v. Houston*, 2000 WL 298922, at *4 (E.D. Pa. Mar. 15, 2000) ("[T]he fact that a piece of evidence is equally obtainable by both parties does not relieve a party's obligation to make it available in discovery.").

Nor will Grace specifically address instances where the Claimants simply rest on a "general objection" or do not state any grounds for the objection. *See Am. Civil Liberties Union v. Gonzales*, 237 F.R.D. 120, 131 (E.D. Pa. 2006) (noting that Courts have interpreted Fed. R. Civ. P. 33(b)(4) to require that "specific objections must be tied to a particular interrogatory or a class thereof and, thus, general objections to an entire set of interrogatories are improper"); *Koreski v. Bleiweis*, 2004 WL 2203713, at *3 (E.D. Pa. Sept. 27, 2004) (refusing to "accept Plaintiffs' reliance on bald references to unspecified general objections" as "[n]either [defense counsel] nor the Court could be expected to guess which one/s applied to a specific response"). Such objections are plainly improper and Grace requests that the Court overrule the objections without further briefing or argument.

Finally, numerous firms have not provided information in response to certain questions (as opposed to objecting and not responding). To the extent that these firms do not provide that information by January 12, 2007, Grace reserves the right to move to compel and seek sanctions for this practice. *See* Tr. of Hr'g at 252 (Sept. 11, 2006).

D. Remaining Issues That Grace Will Address In The Motions To Compel.

Accordingly, and with these principles in mind, the Motions to Compel will address the following substantive issues:

- Attorney-client privilege/Attorney work product;
- Confidentiality;

- Doctor-patient privilege/HIPAA
- Federal Rule of Evidence 408 or state law equivalents; and similar objections related to the ultimate admissibility of the evidence.

For the reasons described in the individual Motions to Compel, with limited exceptions, these objections are baseless and the Court should reject them. In most cases, these objections were anticipated by the PI Committee, raised with the Court during the Questionnaire litigation, and finally, considered and rejected by this Court during the Questionnaire approval process.

E. Imposition of Sanctions for Failure to Comply by January 12, 2007.

Finally, so that these issues can be resolved conclusively and without further litigation, Grace moves for an Order, pursuant to the CMO and Questionnaire, imposing sanctions on any firm that does not comply with the Court's October 12, 2006 Order, and any Order emanating from the December 5, 2006 hearings, by January 12, 2007. Grace is entitled to the discovery sought in the Questionnaire. Firms have been given ample notice, time and opportunity to object and respond to the Questionnaire. Failure to provide the information required by this Court by the January 12, 2007 deadline -- nearly 18 months after the Questionnaire first was served on firms -- should result in a sanction sufficient to deter such non-compliance. Accordingly, Grace will seek to have an individual's claim disallowed or seek an adverse inference where a Claimant fails to provide the requested information by January 12, 2007.

Wilmington, Delaware

Respectfully submitted,

Dated: November 9, 2006

KIRKLAND & ELLIS LLP David M. Bernick, P.C. 200 East Randolph Drive Chicago, Illinois 60601 (312) 861-2000

KIRKLAND & ELLIS LLP Barbara M. Harding David Mendelson Amanda C. Basta 655 Fifteenth Street, NW Washington, D.C. 20005 Telephone: (202) 879-5000 Facsimile: (202) 879-5200

and

PACHULSKI, STANG, ZIEHL, YOUNG, JONES & WEINTRAUB, PC

Laura Davis Jones (Bar No. 2436) James E. O'Neill (Bar No. 4042) 919 North Market Street, 16th Floor P.O. Box 8705 Wilmington, DE 19899-8705 (302) 652-4100

Co-Counsel for the Debtors and Debtors in Possession

Exhibit 1

KIRKLAND & ELLIS LLP

AND AFFILIATED PARTNERSHIPS

655 Fifteenth Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20005

Barbara Mack Harding To Call Writer Directly: 202 879-5081 bharding@kirkland.com

202 879-5000 www.kirkland.com

Facsimile: 202 879-5200

June 26, 2006

By First Class Mail

Re: W. R. Grace Bankruptcy

Dear Counsel:

As many of you likely are aware, the parties to the asbestos personal injury liability estimation proceeding have been engaged in Court-ordered mediation. Regrettably, little progress has been made. Accordingly, under the Case Management Order for the Estimation of Asbestos Personal Injury Liabilities (Aug. 29, 2005) and the Amended Case Management Order for the Estimation of Asbestos Personal Injury Liabilities (Mar. 27, 2006), this matter is going to proceed to an estimation trial.

The Court has ordered you and your clients to complete the W.R. Grace Asbestos Personal Injury Questionnaire ("Questionnaire") served on September 12, 2005. The Court also has stated that any objections to the Questionnaire are due on July 12, 2006, the same date that the Questionnaire responses are due. See Tr. of Hr'g at 26-27, 39 (Apr. 17, 2006). Some counsel for prospective claimants already have filed their Questionnaires and raised various objections to the Questionnaire. Additionally, other claimants, through counsel, have raised objections by separate correspondence concerning the Questionnaire. At the April Omnibus Hearing, the Court indicated that these objections should be resolved promptly. See id. at 39 ("If there is no settlement through mediation, then on July 24th, I'll just have to look at the questionnaires with the debtor, if you're prepared to do it, if not, we'll do it in August as to what the objections are and deal with it at that time.") And at the most recent Omnibus Hearing, the Court indicated that Grace could pursue mediation of certain core objections immediately. Pursuant to the Court's directive, Grace intends to bring certain objections before Judge Whelan, the discovery mediator. Judge Whelan has indicated that he is available for mediation on July 6, 2006, beginning at 10 a.m. Grace intends to address three issues in the mediation:

- 1. Stating objections in lieu of answering the questions;
- 2. Responding to questions by attachment; and
- 3. The failure of Claimant or his or her counsel to sign the Questionnaire.

Other issues related to the Questionnaire may be addressed during a separate mediation at a later date. All persons who are required to respond to the Questionnaire are invited to participate in the mediation, even if you or your client have not yet filed your Questionnaire responses or objections.

Chicago London Los Angeles Munich New York San Francisco

KIRKLAND & ELLIS LLP

June 26, 2006 Page 2

Grace reminds the parties that the Court already has approved the questions contained in the Questionnaire and the Questionnaire itself. The Court's approval was given following an extensive process which took place over several months and during which the Court considered the objections regarding the Questionnaire lodged by the various parties to the estimation. Accordingly, any objection to the Questionnaire process or an individual Question is improper, and Grace believes it will be dismissed. See Tr. of Hr'g at 176-77, 207-291 (Jul. 19, 2005) ([The Court]: "Well, but what they'll say Mr. Bernick, in answer to the question is I object, it's not relevant, and it's burdensome, and then I'm going to be right here making rulings on it anyway, so why don't we just do it and get it done."); Tr. of Hr'g at 27 (Apr. 17, 2006) ([The Court]: "But, to the extent that an objection is to the question that's being asked, I don't expect either a mediator or me to have to go through that. I've already decided that's an appropriate question to be asked.").

Finally, pursuant to the Court's order, the Mediator's fees and costs related to this mediation process will not be paid by W.R. Grace, but will be shared equally by the parties to the mediation. *See* Order Governing Procedures for Compensating the Discovery Mediator at ¶ 8 (Jan. 10, 2006) ("If a discovery issue or dispute identified in the Mediator's fee application is related to a dispute between the Debtors and an individual claimant or individual claimants, the fees and expenses shall be paid in equal share by all parties to the mediation.").

Sincerely,

Barbara Mack Harding

Bubu Hardy

cc: Nathan D. Finch, Esq.
Richard Wyron, Esq.
Matthew Kramer, Esq.
Gary Becker, Esq.
Kenneth Pasquale, Esq.
Daniel Cohn, Esq.
Raymond Mullady, Esq.

Exhibit 2



"Tom Wilson" <twilson@kelley-ferraro.com> 11/03/2006 09:06 AM

To <dbernick@kirkland.com>, <bharding@kirkland.com>

"Nathan Finch " <NDF@Capdale.com>,

<mhurford@camlev.com>

bcc

Subject WR Grace Questionaire Objections

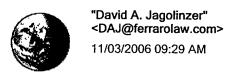
Counselors: The Clients of the law firms of: Kelley & Ferraro, LLP; Ferraro & Associates; Michael Doran & Associates; Climaco Climaco, Lefkowitz & Garofoli, LPA; Doran & Murphy, LLP; Taylor & Cire and David T. Cobb whose W R Grace Questionaires were previously submitted on behalf of their respective clients by Kelley & Ferraro LLP intend to maintain all objections previously stated and set forth in response to the W R Grace Questionaire. Kelley & Ferraro, LLP further incorporates all objections to the Questionaires as voiced during the September 11, 2006 hearing as well as subsequent hearings on the Questionaire issue. Kelley & Ferraro, LLP on behalf of the clients represented by the above law firms and without waiving any objections, agree to the schedule set forth in the Proposed Order Concerning Schedule For Motions To Compel Regarding The W. R. Grace Asbestos Personal Injury Questionaire And Schedule For Supplementation Of Wuestionaire Responses.

Thomas M. Wilson Attorney Kelley & Ferraro LLP 2200 Key Tower 127 Public Square Cleveland, Ohio 44114 (216) 575-0777

Fax: (216) 575-0799
Toll Free: (888) 839-8479
twilson@kelley-ferraro.com
www.kelley-ferraro.com

This email and any files transmitted with it are confidential and are intended solely for the use of the individual or entity to which it is addressed. If you are not the intended recipient or the person responsible for delivering the email to the intended recipient, be advised that you have received this email in error and that any use, dissemination, forwarding, printing, or copying of this email and any file attachments is strictly prohibited. If you have received this email in error, please immediately notify us by telephone at 216.575.0777 or by reply email to the sender. You must destroy the original transmission and its contents.

Exhibit 3



To <dbernick@kirkland.com>, <bharding@kirkland.com>

"Nathan Finch " <NDF@Capdale.com>, <mhurford@camlev.com>

bcc

Subject RE: W R Grace Questionaire Objections

Counselors: The Clients of The Ferraro Law Firm, P.A. whose W R Grace Questionaires were previously submitted on behalf of our the respective clients intend to maintain all objections previously stated and set forth in response to the W R Grace Questionaire. The Ferraro Law Firm, P.A., further incorporates all objections to the Questionaires as voiced during the September 11, 2006 hearing as well as subsequent hearings on the Questionaire issue. The Ferraro Law Firm, P.A. on behalf of our clients and without waiving any objections, agree to the schedule set forth in the Proposed Order Concerning Schedule For Motions To Compel Regarding The W. R. Grace Asbestos Personal Injury Questionaire And Schedule For Supplementation Of Questionaire Responses.

David A. Jagolinzer, Esq.

The Ferraro Law Firm

4000 Ponce de Leon Blvd., Suite 700 Miami, FL 33146 Tel. (305) 375-0111 Fax (305) 379-6222 Toll-Free 800-275-3332

Confidentiality Notice: The information contained in this transmittal, including any attachment, is privileged and confidential and is intended only for the person or entity to whom it is addressed. If you are neither the intended recipient nor the employee or agent responsible for delivering this message to the intended recipient, you are hereby notified that any disclosure, copying or distribution or the taking of any action in reliance on the contents of this transmittal is strictly prohibited. If you have received this transmittal in error, please contact the sender immediately and delete this transmittal from any computer or other data bank.

Exhibit 4

BARON & BUDD

A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS

3102 OAK LAWN AVENUE SUITE 1100 DALLAS, TEXAS 75219-4281 (214) 521-3605 Telecopier (214) 520-1151 LAURAM, CARLITTO
NATALE F. DUNCHAN
CARLAM, BURNE (IXAM)
(FRANT NEW, N DOCKENSON (IXAMS)
JACQUELNE MONTELINO
REY FERNANDEZ
EDMOND L. MARTIN
DONNAL, S.EWAS
STEPHANEN, BROCKS
DAND T. RITTER
CHES. J. PANATER
RENEE MELANGON (IXAM)
THERESAN RELSON RUCK (XXAM)
CARL MONEY (IXAM)
JOHAD R. SOTTEN
ERN ANCERSON FARS
JOYO L. LANGE, JR.
STEPHEN T. BLACKBURN (IXAAM)
JOHN D. LANGE, JR.
STEPHEN T. BLACKBURN (IXAAM)
JOHL LANGOOC (IXAM)
ONNANDER WOCHNEL ENTON (LACHY)
DENYSE F. GLANCY
DENYSE F. GLANCY
DENYSE F. GLANCY

RYAN C. LI ODERO (** \$ 00)
5ART DALLON (1/8 \$ 04)
DAND L. GREEN
CLARE T. ERCOS
M. CROSTNA SANCHEZ
TNAFOTTER
SHARON D. BRUTISTA
CHARLES E. SCECHTING, JR.
CHARLES E. SCECHTING, JR.
CHARLES E. SCECHTING, JR.
CHARLES E. TOEROTTING, JR.
SANCH L. TREATON
SUSSAIL LARREAL ASAL
ELIZABETHA SALARO
ELIZABETHA S

11 SPECIAL COUNSEL

OF COUNSEL

THE PROPERTY IN STATE TO A STATE

escurios de Ration 1

November 3, 2006

VIA E-MAIL

Barbara Harding Kirkland & Ellis LLP 655 Fifteenth Street, NW Suite 1200 Washington DC 20005-5793

CELESTE A EVANCER STITTL CANNO

Re: In re WR Grace, Questionnaire Objections of Baron & Budd, P.C., Silber Pearlman, LLP and LeBlanc & Waddell, LLP

Dear Barbara:

I am writing on behalf of Baron & Budd, P.C., Silber Pearlman, LLP and LeBlanc & Waddell, LLP (hereinafter "BB/SP/LW"). Although all of these firms are also represented by Stutzman, Bromberg, Esserman & Plifka, PC, I am writing directly since, as you know, Sandy Esserman is out of the country. Feel free, however, to contact me directly about this matter as well.

A couple of assumptions need to be understood from the outset in order to place the rest of this letter in context. <u>First</u>, BB/SP/LW assume that to the extent Judge Fitzgerald has already ruled that an objection previously made is valid, no further discussion of that objection is needed, and those objections are maintained. <u>Second</u>, to the extent that a specific objection is made, withdrawal of a general objection on the same subject matter will have no affect upon the specific objection. <u>Third</u>, all objections are in place vis-a-vis the X-Rays until that issue is worked out separately.

Those assumptions being stated, of the general objections, we will maintain general objection No. 8, although we are not withholding any documents nor information based on that objection. We will also maintain objection No. 2 to the instructions, to the extent the instruction would cause a questionnaire response to reveal information and material protected by the consulting expert privilege of Rule 26(b)(4)(B), FED. R. CIV. P.

BARON & BUDD, P. C.

To Barbara Harding
November 3, 2006 - Page 2

As for our specific objections to the questionnaire items, BB/SP/LW will maintain all of their objections to Parts II.1(a)-(f), II.2-II.7 concerning information and materials protected by the consulting expert privilege of Rule 26(b)(4)(B), FED. R. CIV. P.

In addition, as to Parts II.2-7, we will maintain our objections (attorney-client privilege, vague and ambiguous) as to the "yes" or "no" questions about the "relationship" between counsel and doctors, since we believe that our present answers are sufficient. And, we will maintain our objections (harassing and duplicative), but only insofar as they are needed to make sure that as to clients with second-disease cases, it is sufficient to complete Part II based upon their malignancy diagnosis (supplying also the underlying asbestosis diagnostic materials), and by not having to fill out Part II a second time for the client's asbestosis.

As to Part VI, we will maintain our objections (unreasonably burdensome, harassing and not reasonably calculated to lead to discovery of admissible evidence) as to job sites, employers and occupations where no exposure to asbestos is alleged.

As for Parts VII.1.a (Litigation) and VII.b (Claims), we will maintain our objections that they are: (1) overly broad – since the questions are not limited to asbestos-related personal-injury diseases; (2) not reasonably calculated to lead to discovery of admissible evidence and as seeking confidential and private information – since the basis of dismissal for each and every defendant dismissed in a claimant's lawsuit, the judgment or verdict amount, if any, and the amount of individual settlements with defendants other than Grace, are irrelevant, and because many of the settlement agreements in question contain an obligation to keep the settlement amounts confidential; and (3) unduly burdensome – since we do not keep track of the "basis" for dismissal, it would be impossible to determine the basis for dismissal.

Other than the objections stated, and subject to the opening assumptions, we will not be maintaining our other objections. As in the past, we are willing to discuss any concerns you have regarding these objections, but hope you will find that this explanation is satisfactory (as we believe that it is) so we can get on with the process of supplementation without the distraction and delay that further proceedings on these issues will cause.

Very truly yours,

Alan B. Rich

ABR/hs

cc: Sander Esserman, Esq.
Nate Finch, Esq.
Mark T. Hurford, Esq.

Exhibit 5

MONTGOMERY, McCracken, Walker & Rhoads, LLP

NATALIE D. RAMSEY

DIRECT DIAL 215-772-7354

nramsey@mmwr.com

123 SOUTH BROAD STREET AVENUE OF THE ARTS PHILADELPHIA, PA 19109 215-772-1500 Fax 215-772-7620 LIBERTYVIEW
457 HADDONFIELD ROAD, SUITE 600
CHERRY HILL, NJ 08002
856-488-7700
FAX 856-488-7720

300 DELAWARE AVENUE, SUITE 750 WILMINGTON, DE 19801 302-504-7800 FAX 302-504-7820

1235 Westlakes Drive, Suite 200 Berwyn, PA 19312 610-889-2210 FAX 610-889-2220

220 West Gay Street West Chester, PA 19380-2934 610-350-3150 Fax 610-430-8718

November 3, 2006

By Email

Barbara Mack Harding, Esquire Kirkland & Ellis, LLP 655 Fifteenth Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20005-5793 David E. Mendelson, Esquire Kirkland & Ellis, LLP 655 Fifteenth Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20005-5793

Re: In re W.R. Grace & Co., et al.

Dear Ms. Harding:

I write on behalf of the following firms identified as the "MMWR Firms" in that certain Consent Order filed with the Court on November 2, 2006 (the "Consent Order"), namely Wise & Julian, P.C.("W&J"), Kazan, McClain, Abrams, Fernandez, Lyons, Farrise & Greenwood, A Professional Law Corporation ("Kazanlaw"); Waters & Kraus, LLP ("W&K"); Hobin, Shingler & Simon, LLP ("HSS"); Paul, Hanley & Harley LLP ("PHH"); Rose, Klein & Marias, LLP ("RKM"); Early, Ludwick & Sweeney ("ELS"); and Early & Strauss ("ES"). In addition, this letter is sent on behalf of Clapper, Patti, Schweizer & Mason ("CPS&M") and Harowitz & Tigerman, LLP ("H&T"), which firms also agree to the terms set forth in the Consent Order. Finally, this letter is provided on behalf of the Grace Certain Cancer Claimants ("GCCC"). The MMWR Firms, CPS&M, H&T and GCCC are collectively referred to herein as "the Firms."

Most of the Firms submitted objections to W.R. Grace regarding the Questionnaire and/or filed responses to the Grace's Motion to Compel Asbestos Personal Injury Claimants to Respond to the W.R. Grace Asbestos Personal Injury Questionnaire (the "Motion to Compel"). In addition, some of the Claimants represented by the Firms are also members of GCCC, which filed a response to the Motion to Compel styled as the GCCC's Response in Opposition to the

2126998v1

MONTGOMERY, McCracken, Walker & Rhoads, LLP

Barbara Mack Harding, Esquire David E. Mendelson, Esquire November 3, 2006 Page 2

W.R. Grace Motion to Compel Asbestos Personal Injury Claimants to Respond to the W.R. Grace Asbestos Personal Injury Questionnaire (the "GCCC Response"). Each of the Firms, on behalf of their client Claimants, are preserving and restating as though incorporated herein all objections previously stated to the Questionnaire and their objections raised in response to W.R. Grace's Motion to compel responses to the Questionnaire, and adopt by reference all objections raised in the objections of the other Firms, in the responses of other Firms to the Motion to Compel, and in the GCCC Response.

Notwithstanding their objections, the Firms have responded or will respond¹ to the Questionnaire except as set forth below.

W&J, RKM and CPS&M have responded to the Questionnaire notwithstanding their stated and maintained objections. That is, none of these Firms has refused to provide information based on such stated objections. Please note, however, that to the extent that Grace takes the position that further information or detail is required, these Firms reserve the right to refuse to provide additional information based on their existing objections and the objections referenced below.

With respect to Kazanlaw, PHH, W&K, HSS, ES, ELS, H&T and the GCCC, no information will be produced that falls within the following categories:

(1) For the reasons described in the GCCC Response, the mesothelioma claimants of these firms will not respond to the questions regarding exposure to carcinogens other than asbestos, exposures at locations other than W.R. Grace workplaces, and diagnostic testing other than conclusive pathology evidence of mesothelioma. As described in the GCCC Response, these sections are irrelevant to mesothelioma claimants because of the peculiar characteristics of that disease. Specific reference is made to parts II, 2-5 and V of the Questionnaire.

¹ Please note that due to the automatic stay, for the past five years the claimants represented by the Firms have been prevented from doing site-specific and individual-specific discovery of W.R. Grace and related Debtors. Had such discovery been obtained, it is believed that there would be evidence (or additional evidence) of substantial exposure to hazardous asbestos fibers emitted from products manufactured, sold, or distributed by W.R. Grace or other related Debtors, or to asbestos fibers for which Grace has legal responsibility. Moreover, even where discovery was conducted and/or completed, certain of the requested information was not obtained by the claimants because (a) such information was not required by Grace as a condition of settlement prior to the filing of its bankruptcy case and/or (b) the applicable state law did/does not require that such information be presented in order to maintain and/or prevail in asserting a claim against an asbestos defendant. Accordingly, the Questionnaire responses reflect currently available information, but do not include all of the responsive information that the claimants and/or the Firms believe to exist.

Montgomery, McCracken, Walker & Rhoads, LLP

Barbara Mack Harding, Esquire David E. Mendelson, Esquire November 3, 2006 Page 3

- (2) The Firms will not provide information that is privileged or otherwise confidential, including but not limited to (a) information regarding settlements with other defendants as such information is both privileged and protected by confidentiality agreements; and (b) information that is invasive of the attorney-client privilege, attorney work-product privilege, and/or privacy rights. Specific reference is made to parts V, VII section A, 4-7 and VII section B, 2-7.
- (3) The Firms will not respond to information that is equally available to the Debtor, including information regarding the activity in and/or current status of any lawsuit filed regarding asbestos or silica. Specific reference is made to part VII, section A, 4-7. In addition, as reflected in the Consent Order, there is no present agreement regarding the Debtor's demand for turnover of original x-rays. The Firms are prepared to work with the Debtor in ways such as providing authorizations to enable the Debtor to obtain the sought x-rays, to the extent not needed for medical care or ongoing litigation. The Firms will not deliver original x-rays to the Debtor, nor identify consulting experts.

All of the Firms reserve the right to identify additional objections on behalf of their respective clients to and including November 10, as provided by the Order Concerning Debtors' Motion to Compel Asbestos Personal Injury Claimants to Respond to the W.R. Grace Asbestos Personal Injury Questionnaire dated October 12, 2006 and the Consent Order.

Very truly yours,

Natalie D. Ramsey Mr.

(not admitted to practice in Delaware; application for pro hac admission pending)

NDR:mr

cc: MMWR Firms

Clapper, Patti, Schweizer & Mason Harowitz & Tigerman, LLP